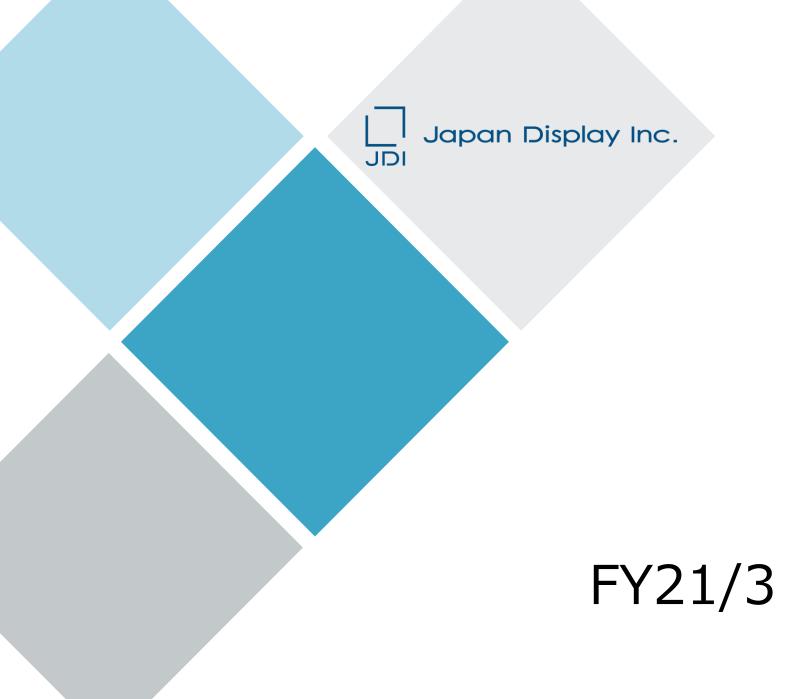
Japan Display Inc.

FY21/3 Full Year Corporate Presentation

May 14, 2021 Japan Display Inc.

JDI



FY21/3 Overview

- Managed through Covid Crisis, Maintaining Manufacturing Systems & Shipments
- ✓ Progressed New Technology R&D & Began Mass Production of 76 New Products (+9% vs. FY19/3 70 New Products)
- ✓ Cut Fixed & Variable Costs, Generated Positive Gross Profit, & Significantly Reduced Operating Loss
- ✓ Reinforced Capital via Large-Scale Equity Financing with Ichigo Trust
- ✓ Significantly Strengthened Governance & Established Systems to Prevent Recurrence of Inappropriate Accounting



Significant Cost Reductions, Business Transformation, & Robust New Product Development while Responding to Covid

Mobile	 Significant decrease in sales due to a drop in demand for smartphone LCD from a major customer Significant cut in fixed costs, including the sale of Hakusan Plant Strong sales of smartphone LCD for Chinese customers supported by strong demand
Automotive	 Impacted by Covid, Q1 sales plummeted. However, recovered from 2Q and 4Q increased year on year. Orders for new products are firm
Non-Mobile	 Strong sales of OLED for wearables and LCD for ultra-high-resolution VR for major customers Began sample shipping of 30.2-inch 8K4K LCD with world-class performance Started mass production of Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) PIV* certified capacitive glass fingerprint sensors

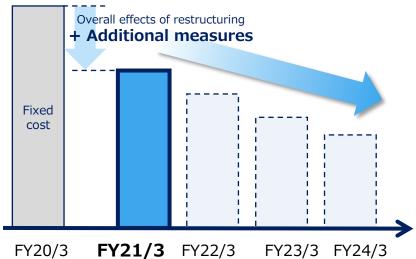
R&D	 Steady progress in development of JDI differentiated new technologies Received the Minister of State for Science and Technology Policy Award at the 3rd Japan Open Innevation Awards for the development of chest-
RæD	at the 3rd Japan Open Innovation Awards for the development of sheet- type image sensors that can simultaneously measure biometrics and vital signs
Company- Wide	 Managed procurement & production to minimize the impact of Covid, trade conflicts, & tightening of global semiconductor supply & demand

JDI

Driving Low-Cost, High-Profit Structure through Cost Reductions & Productivity Improvements

Reduced Fixed Costs: FY21/3: JPY -27.5bn vs. FY20/3

- **Power**: Optimized energy use and contracts
- Maintenance: Optimized maintenance efficiency and revised contracts
- Manufacturing: Maximized throughput by improving productivity and optimized assets
- Head Office: Minimized SG&A and indirect expenses, Optimized common operations



- Improved Variable Cost Ratio: FY21/3 -3% (Variable Cost Reduction: >JPY -10 bn/yr vs. FY20/3)
 - Materials: Restructured supply chain from the viewpoint of cost competitiveness, standardized parts and materials, and improved material efficiency
 - **Outsourcing**: Revised contracts, reduced man-hours
 - Defects (Yield Loss): Acceleration of cross-site defective cost reduction project

FY21/3 Business Reforms

Strengthened Governance & Completed TSE Improvement Submissions Strengthened Financial Base & Progressed Building New Businesses

Completed submission of improvement status reports to TSE and implemented measures to prevent recurrence Strengthen Transitioned to stronger Board of Director governance systems & Governance strengthened internal audit system Promoted employee compliance awareness Optimized asset profile via Hakusan Plant sale Rebuild Equity financing with Ichigo Trust **Financial Base** Strengthened business profitability Progress in development of display and new device technologies **Build New** Progress in product development for healthcare sector **Businesses** Strengthen IP strategy (Strategic use of intellectual property)

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TSE Improvement Submissions Complete

Also Completed Implementation of Improvement Plan

(1) Raise employee consciousness vis-à-vis accounting treatment & information disclosure

(2) Strengthen GovernanceNominating, Audit andCompensation Committees

(3) Strengthen accounting controls

(4) Strengthen internal auditing system

Main

Activities

(5) Strengthen internal reporting system

- Delivered senior management messages during compliance enhancement month. Accounting Education and Hazard Prediction Training were also conducted and penetrated
 Revised the Ethical Code (1DI Ethics). Provided application for the most conservative, and
 - Revised the Ethical Code (JDI Ethics). Provided application for the most conservative and transparent accounting treatment.

•Approved by the General Meeting of Shareholders on Aug 26, 2020

- Introduced cycle inventory system for WIP to verify existence of inventory assets.
- Implemented accounting operation systematization & 3rd-party monitoring expansion.
- Prevention of power centralization. Periodic report of cancellation slips, etc. to CFO and audit committee.
- Increased Internal Audit Department staff and conducted audits of the improvement and correction efforts in accounting operations.
- $\cdot\,$ Continued to conduct internal audits of expense processing risks
- $\cdot\,$ Independence of J-SOX operation secured, and operational auditing implemented.
- Introduced global internal reporting system. Installed a contact point for direct reporting from subsidiaries to the head office
- Confirmed problems through semi-annual employee questionnaires. Conducted surveys in the same way above.



Reduced Annual Costs by JPY 8bn & Strengthened Balance Sheet Continuing Manufacturing of High Value-Add Products at Mobara Plant

Benefits	 Lowered plant maintenance costs, fixed asset tax, & other costs. Total reduction of c. JPY 8bn annually (Improved P/L) Repayment of advances received from customer when constructing plant (Improved C/F) Reduction of non-performing assets and liabilities (Improved B/S) 				
Sale Details	Production facilities JDI Customer: JPY 30.2bn* Land, buildings, ancillary facilities Sharp Corporation: JPY41.3bn*				
Financial Outcomes	Non-Operating assetsJPY 50.2bnTransferGain on SaleAdvances ReceivedJPY 74.3bn*RepayJPY 18.6bn*				

*Based on US\$1=JPY105.8



Partial Exercise, Unexercised Amount JPY 36bn

♦Exercise Details

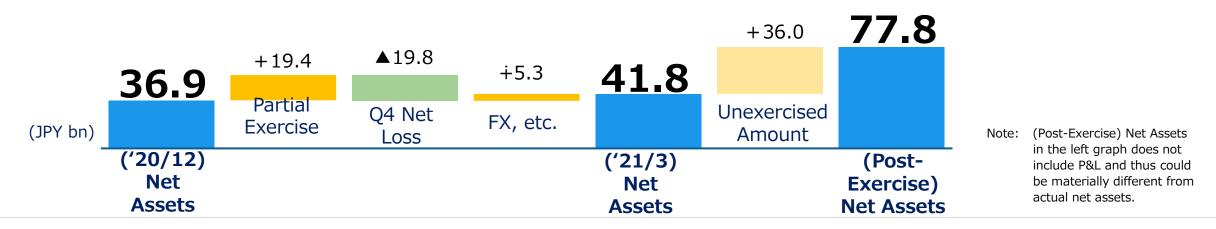
Total amount	JPY 55.4bn
Exercise date	2021/3/25
Exercise price	JPY 10mn/share
Exercised amount	JPY 19.4 bn
Class of shares issued	Class E preferred shares
Unexercised amount	JPY 36.0bn

♦ Ichigo Trust

Outstanding Shares	Number of Shares (unit: K)	Number of Voting rights (unit: K)	Ichigo Trust Ownership
Common	846,166	8,461	N/A
Class B preferred	672,000	6,720	Yes
Class D preferred	0.5	0	Yes
Class E preferred	2	0	Yes
Total		15,181	

Ratio of Voting Right

44.26%



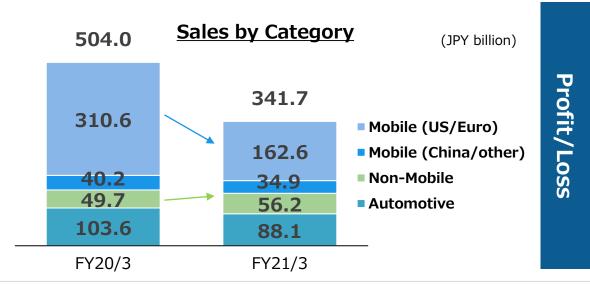


21/3 Earnings Review 22/3 Forecast

Despite a significant decrease in sales, cost reductions helped turn a gross profit and reduced operating loss & EBITDA loss

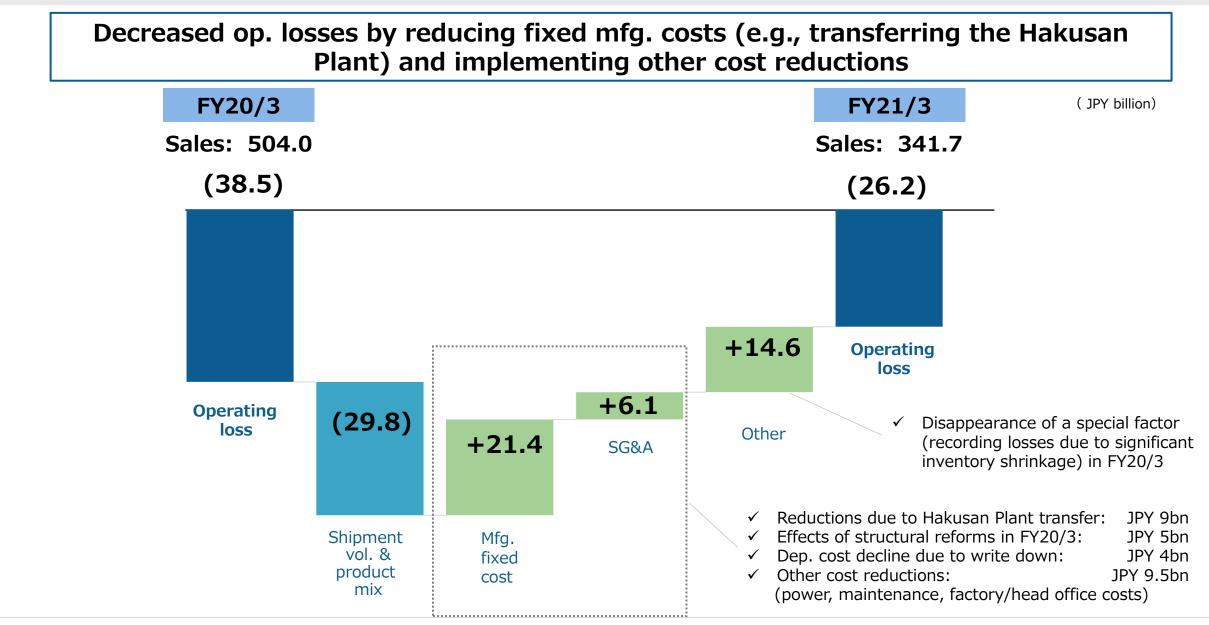
Sales

(JPY billion)	FY20/3	FY21/3	YoY
Net sales	504.0	341.7	-162.3
Gross profit (loss)	(1.4)	5.1	+6.5
Operating income (loss)	(38.5)	(26.2)	+12.3
Net income (loss)	(101.4)	(42.7)	+ 58.7
EBITDA	(19.5)	(12.5)	+7.0



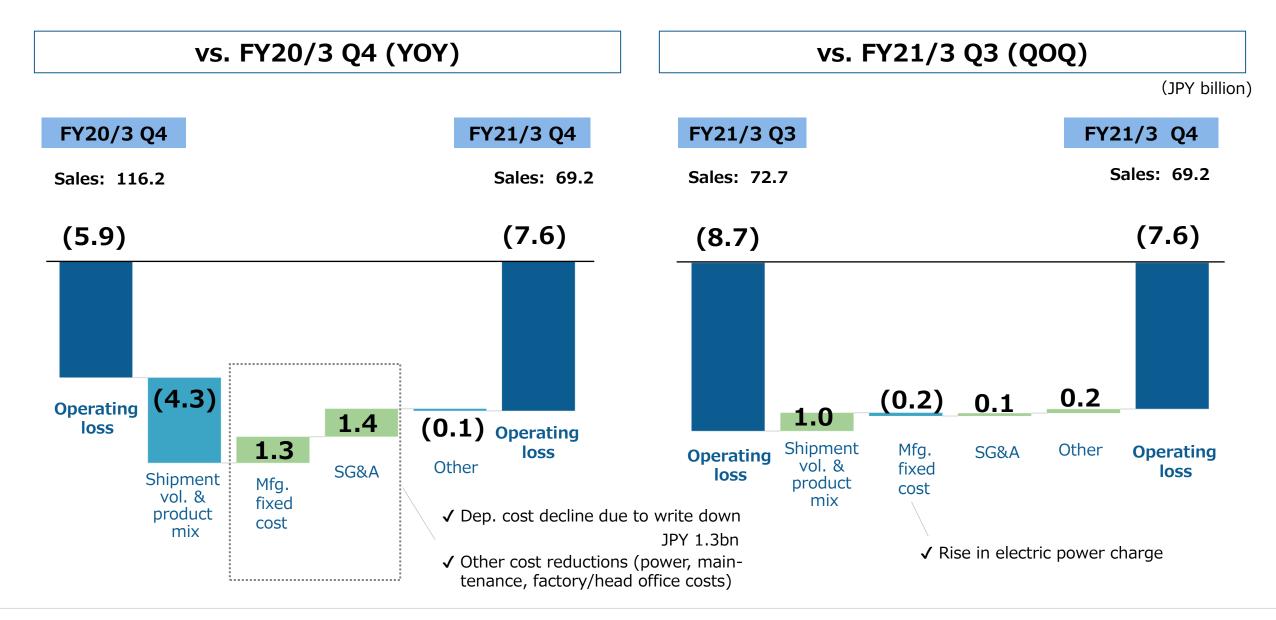
- Mobile sales dropped sharply due to lower demand for smartphone LCDs.
- Non-Mobile increased due to expansion of OLEDs for wearables and ultra-high-resolution LCDs for VR.
 Automotive was down sharply in 1Q due to Covid19 but recovered from 2Q & rose in 4Q YoY.
- Nearly in line with the Feb. 10 fcst (JPY 342.5bn)
- Transfer of Hakusan Plant, effects of structural reforms in FY20/3 and other cost reductions led to a **gross profit**, **improvements to op. income & EBITDA.**
 - ✓ Fixed costs: Approx. JPY 28bn reduction YoY✓ Variable cost rate: Approx. 3 ppts. better YoY
- Net loss shrunk by JPY 58.7bn (no repeat equitymethod loss as in FY20/3, lower structural reform costs)
- Based on continued cost reductions, **op. loss was less than the Feb. 10 forecast of 29.6bn by JPY 3.4bn.**

FY21/3 Operating Income Change Factors (YoY)



FY21/3 Q4 Operating Income Change Factors







Reduced fixed assets and related liabilities thru Hakusan Plant transfer and streamlined B/S. Equity ratio increased 4.5 pts versus end of FY20/3 due to issuance of preferred shares etc.

(JPY billion)	FY20/3 Q4	FY21/3 Q3	FY21/3 Q4
Cash and deposits	66.7	54.2	55.7
Accounts receivable - trade	70.9	27.9	31.2
Accounts receivable - other	48.1	19.2	15.3
Inventories	39.1	40.7	39.7
Other	4.6	2.2	4.3
Total current assets	229.4	144.2	146.3
Total non-current assets	160.3	92.5	78.7
Total assets	389.7	236.7	225.0
Accounts payable - trade	89.3	46.9	37.4
Interest-bearing debt	98.0	97.2	97.1
Advances received	89.1	2.3	1.9
Other liabilities	59.9	53.3	46.7
Total liabilities	336.4	199.8	183.2
Total net assets	53.4	36.9	41.8
Shareholders' equity ratio	13.1%	14.5%	17.6%

Note. Difference in balances of "cash & equivalent" in cash flow statement and "cash and deposits" in balance sheet as of the end of FY21/3 Q3 is 0.3 billion yen in deposits paid.



FY21/3 free cash flow greatly improved due to a reduced net loss and improved working capital

(JPY billion)	FY20/3	FY21/3
Income before income taxes	(98.4)	(41.7)
Dep. & Amort.	20.7	14.7
Working capital	(36.1)	20.6
Advances received	(12.8)	(10.3)
Structural reform cost	67.2	10.5
Other	(27.7)	(16.9)
Cash flow from operating activities	(87.1)	(23.1)
Purchase of non-current assets	(16.1)	(7.0)
Other	44.2	(2.1)
Cash flow from investing activities	28.1	(9.1)
Cash flow from financing activities	57.7	20.2
Ending balance, cash & equiv.	66.4	55.3
Free cash flow	(103.2)	(30.2)

Notes:

- 1. "Free cash flow" is the sum of "operating cash flow" and "expenditures on the acquisition of fixed assets".
- 2. With the transfer of the Hakusan Plant in October 2020, the amount equivalent to income from the sale of the fixed assets of US\$ 675mn and the amount equivalent to advances received excluding forex effects of US\$ 675mn have been offset. Since this dollar denominated transaction was a non-cash transaction, there is no cash balance on the consolidated cash flow statement.

FY22/3 Forecast

Annual						
(JPY billion)	FY21/3 (ACT)	FY22/3 (FCST)	ΥοΥ			
Sales	341.7	254.0	-26%			
Mobile (US/Euro)	162.6	47.0	-71%			
Mobile (China/other)	34.9	34.0	-3%			
Automotive	88.1	103.0	17%			
Non-Mobile	56.2	70.0	25%			
Sales excl. Mobile(US/Euro)	179.1	207.0	16%			

Q1							
(JPY billion)	FY20/3 Q1	FY20/3 Q4	FY22/3 Q1	YoY	QoQ		
Sales	88.0	69.2	64.0	-27% -8			
Mobile (US/Euro)	55.4	18.7	18.0	-68%	-4%		
Mobile (China/other)	6.3	11.0	9.0	43%	-18%		
Automotive	14.8	25.3	24.0	62%	-5%		
Non-Mobile	11.5	14.2	13.0	13%	-8%		
Op. income (loss)	(7.0)	(7.7)	(8.8)				
Op. income excl. semi shortage impact	(7.0)	(6.8)	(6.5)				

Sales

- Full year forecast: JPY254bn, Q1 forecast: JPY64bn
- Sales of LCDs for smartphones to EU/US regions continue to decline, but sales excluding EU/US are expected to grow YoY.
- Full-year sales in the Automotive and Non-Mobile categories (wearable OLEDs for a major customer, VR LCDs etc.) are expected to increase due to higher demand.

Profits

- Q1 op. loss is expected to worsen QoQ by JPY1.1bn (impact of semiconductor shortage is -2.3bn yen).
- Looking to achieve EBITDA profitability in FY22/3 Q4 by reducing costs and increasing OLED sales, etc.



JDI Strategy



GAME CHANGE



JDI Is Different



PersonalTech

JDI Strategy



Strategic Focus	KPI
 1) Strengthen Existing Businesses Rethink, Reposition, & Rebuild JDI Delegate Authority, Move Quickly Strengthen Sales & Marketing Massively Increase Profitability Strengthen Competitiveness by Radically Cutting Costs & Liquidating Unprofitable Businesses Win with the Customer: Superior Products & Superior Technology 	EBITDA Positive in FY22/3 Q4
 2) Build New Businesses ■ Go Beyond Our Existing Business Models & Go Direct to the Customer ✓ Drive New Business Growth ✓ Monetize Our R&D ■ Commercialize High Value-Add Technologies that Address Key Customer Needs 	Leveraging Our Key Device Technologies, Launch Multiple Service, Solution, Platform Businesses This Year



1. 3 Bigs

Big Need, Big Market, Big Impact

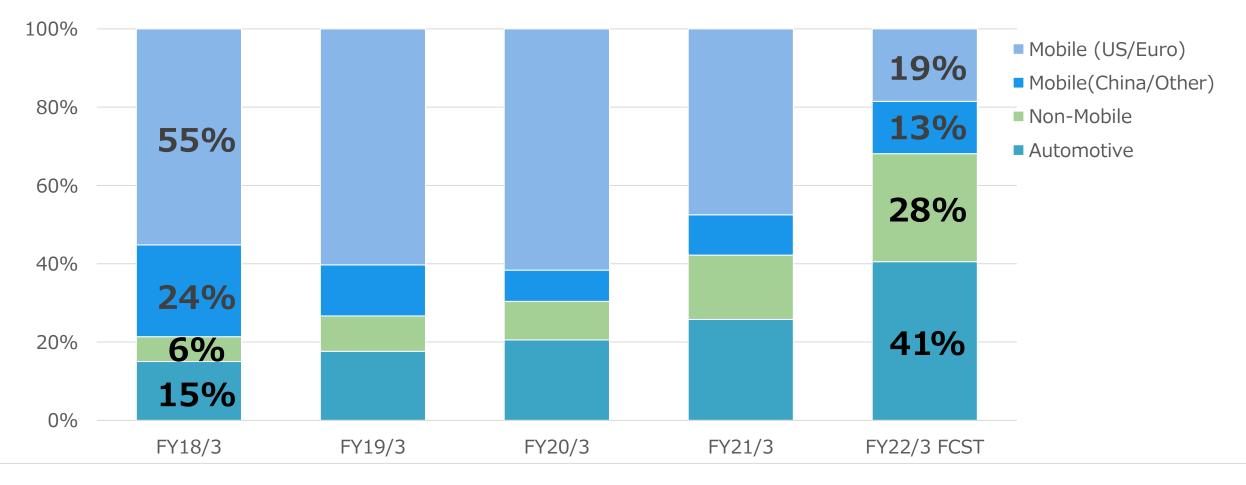
2. JDI Is Different

3. Highly Profitable Business Model

JDI Strategy: Robust Earnings Stability

More Diverse & More Stable Earnings Driven by Shift from Mobile to Automotive & Non-Mobile

Sales Breakdown by Sector (Mobile, Automotive, Non-Mobile)



Upside Earnings Opportunities

- ✓ Higher OLED Sales Supported by FY22/3 H2 Back-End Expansion
- ✓ Improvements in Pricing & Product Mix
- ✓ Greater Pricing Power from Global Tightness in Display Supply

Downside Earnings Risk

✓ Semiconductor Shortage Impact on Production & Orders

♦ OLED

- Significant improvement in profitability due to scale expansion
- Maintain Technological Superiority in Existing-Generation OLED
- Dominate Next-Generation OLED

♦ Sensors

- Build New Revenue Stream
- Expand Value Chain
- Market Entry in System Solutions

♦ Automotive

- Provide New Technologies to the Integrated Cockpit
- Mass Production of Sensor-Integrated Products
- Establish Technological superiority in EVs & Autonomous Vehicles

◆Industrial, Healthcare, New Biz

- High-Performance Displays for Medical & Broadcasting Applications
- Expand Solutions Business
- Transparent Displays & Other New Businesses

JDI Strategy: VR



VR Market 27% CAGR – Maintain & Grow JDI Competitive Advantage in Ultra-High-Resolution LCD VR Displays

VR

- Realizing Natural & Precise Video Representations
- Providing Real World-Like Experience & Inspiration through Ultra-High-Resolution VR Displays











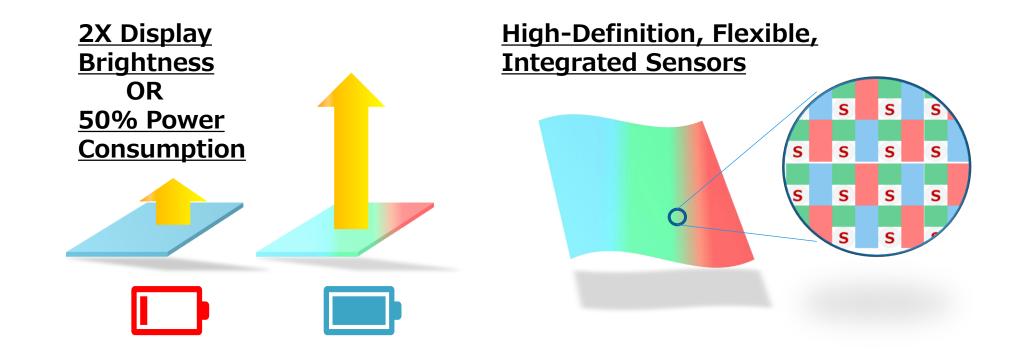
Reproduction

VR Display Market Growth

• As VR Expands Beyond Current Applications, Building Tightly-Coupled Hardware/Software Essential



JDI Next-Generation Ultra High-Brightness & Ultra-High-Resolution OLED – Far Superior to Existing-Generation OLED



JDI Strategy: Expand Businesses in Articles of Incorporation (AOI)

Deploy JDI Display Capabilities to Sensors, Solutions, Services

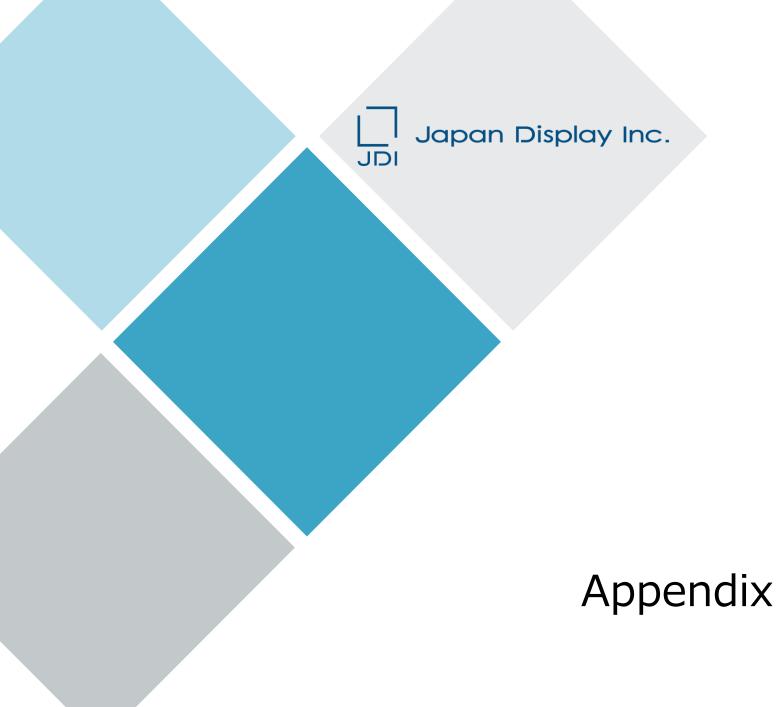
Develop & Commercialize High Value-Add Technologies & Expand into New Business Domains

Expand Businesses in AOI in Preparation for Future Business Expansion

Note: Subject to shareholder approval at June 26 AGM



PersonalTech For A Better World



Consolidated Operating Results

(JPY billion)	FY20/3	FY21/3 Chg	FY20/3	FY21/3	FY21/3	ΥοΥ	QoQ	
	F120/3	F121/3	Cig	Q4	Q3	Q4	Chg	Chg
Net sales	504.0	341.7	-162.3	116.2	72.7	69.2	-47.1	-3.6
Cost of sales	505.4	336.6	-168.9	112.9	73.5	68.9	-44.0	-4.6
Gross profit (loss)	(1.4)	5.1	+6.5	3.4	(0.8)	0.2	-3.1	+1.0
SG&A	37.1	31.4	-5.8	9.3	8.0	7.8	-1.4	-0.1
Operating income (loss)	(38.5)	(26.2)	+12.3	(5.9)	(8.7)	(7.6)	-1.7	+1.1
Net non-op. income (expenses)	(19.3)	(6.4)	+12.9	(5.2)	(2.0)	0.9	+6.1	+2.9
Ordinary income (loss)	(57.9)	(32.7)	+25.2	(11.1)	(10.8)	(6.7)	+4.4	+4.1
Net extraordinary income (loss)	(40.6)	(9.1)	+31.5	22.0	24.2	(13.0)	-35.0	-37.2
Income (loss) before income taxes	(98.4)	(41.7)	+ 56.7	10.9	13.4	(19.7)	-30.6	-33.1
Net income (loss) attributable to owners of the parent	(101.4)	(42.7)	+ 58.7	9.5	13.4	(19.8)	-29.2	-33.1
EBITDA	(19.5)	(12.5)	+7.0	(2.0)	(5.7)	(4.7)	-2.7	+1.0
Avg. FX rate (JPY/USD)	108.7	106.1		108.9	104.5	106.1		
Q-End FX rate (JPY/USD)	108.8	110.7		108.8	103.5	110.7		

<Major changes in non-operating & extraordinary items >

(JPY billion)	FY20/3	FY21/3
Equity method investment loss (non-op. expense)	-10.0	_
Restructuring expenses & impairment losses (extraord loss)	-67.2	-34.5
Gains on sale of assets & FX gain (extraord. gain)	+0.1	+24.7
Gain on sale of investment securities (extraord.gain)	+30.6	_

(JPY billion)	FY20/3 Q4	FY21/3 Q4
Equity method investment loss (non-op. expense)	-1.5	_
Commission expense (non-operating expense)	-3.0	-0
Restructuring expenses & impairment losses (extraord. loss)	-5.0	-13.1
Gain on sale of investment securities (extraord. gain))	+30.6	_





THANK YOU